

## PRESIDENT OF DOUMA SEES POSSIBLE WAR

At Opening Session Speaks of  
Contingency of Sacrifices of  
Money and Men.

## OPPOSITION TO AMERICA

Not Likely to Give Jews or  
Goods from This Coun-  
try Preferential  
Treatment.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 28.—The fourth Russian Duma assembled in session today for the first time since the election, which began in September.

M. Rodzianko, the Octobrist Deputy of Yekaterinburg, who was president of the third Duma, was re-elected president today by a vote of 231 against 139.

M. Rodzianko, who was re-elected by the vote of the Constitutional Centre, with the aid of the Left, in his address spoke of the public interests in the Balkans and the necessity for sacrifices in money, and, if necessary, men, on the part of Russia.

The whole house cheered enthusiastically. Thus the legend that the Russian press did not reflect public opinion in championing the cause of the Slavs was discredited.

The new Duma disappointed the gloomy critics who predicted the triumph of reaction. At the last moment the constitutional principle rallied, and its previously irreconcilable foes in the opposition and the Centre benches formed a coalition which carried the war into the enemy's camp by excluding the Right from any possibility of electing the president.

The fourth Duma declared itself a progressive body, but it cannot be inferred, because of that, that a majority will be found to favor the American contention in the passport controversy. There are only three Jews in the new house, the member for Lodz being the only one of these elected by Jewish votes.

The Extreme Nationalists are evidently in the minority, but the bulk of the members, it is said, are not prepared to give American Jews or American goods preferential treatment. The policy of the government will be to render the Russian market independent of American cotton and American agricultural machinery, and in this it is fairly certain to be supported by the Duma.

## TREE TO MANAGE CENTURY?

London Hears Rumor That Trip  
May Result in This.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)

London, Nov. 28.—It is reported that Sir Herbert Tree's trip to New York may result in new management for the Century Theatre, or at least in Tree's production of "Henry VIII" in New York next autumn being given at the Century. Sir Herbert and Otto F. Kahn are very friendly, and many conferences have been held with Mr. Kahn recently. George C. Tyler's lease of the Century is an elastic affair, which possibly may end at any time.

Mr. Kahn has become greatly interested in aviation and has enjoyed a cross-country flight with Grahame-White. While in Germany Mr. Kahn was one of the passengers on one of the trial trips of a Zeppelin airship, but after the flight on Grahame-White's machine Mr. Kahn unhesitatingly expressed the belief that the mastery of air lay with the aeroplane.

## AMERICANS SEE MANOEUVRES.

Senlis, France, Nov. 28.—The American cavalry officers, headed by General McQuinn, to-day witnessed the manoeuvres of the 3d Hussars and inspected the remount horses. The Americans had luncheon at the officers' mess.

## SERVIANS OCCUPY PORT ON ADRIATIC

Continued from first page.

reinforced and are said to number at least four divisions.

The report of the arrest of five hundred Turkish officers and a number of civilians, including Dr. Nazim Bey, the chief organizer of the Committee of Union and Progress, by the Greeks in Salonica is telegraphed here by a special correspondent. The arrested men have been deported to Greece. The correspondent says this step by the Greeks was justified because the Turks violated the terms of capitulation, broke their parole and got away in some cases by using fraudulently obtained passports.

The correspondent adds that the importance of this development will be understood when it is realized that the character of the war in Macedonia has changed and that the Greek army is now seriously harassed by numerous guerrilla bands largely composed of liberated soldiers.

Moreover, the Bulgarian commanders have complained that Turkish officers have left by steamer from Salonica to proceed to Constantinople for the purpose of joining their comrades fighting at Thessalonica.

It was discovered that Dr. Nazim Bey was organizing meetings and leading numerous intrigues against the authorities.

## TAKEN WITHOUT FIGHTING

Austrian Steamer Takes Refugees  
Away from Durazzo.

Durazzo, Albania, November 28.—The Serbian troops occupied the town today. No resistance was offered.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Graf Wurmband left immediately, with a number of refugees.

Durazzo is the port on the Adriatic which Serbia desires to retain and which Austria is determined Serbia shall not hold.

## AUSTRIAN MINISTER BACKS PREMIER'S PLANS

Determined To Be Prepared for  
Any Emergency—To Rush  
Mobilization Bills.

Vienna, Nov. 28.—Much excitement has been occasioned by the action of the government in arranging for the mobilization of the Austrian army, which proves the minister's determination to be fully prepared for any development in the Balkan crisis.

The Parliamentary leaders met to-night and decided to allow the Premier's three bills dealing with matters connected with the mobilization to go to committee without the customary first reading.

According to the "Neue Freie Presse," the Premier in announcing the bills to the procedure committee told the Parliamentary leaders that there was no change in the international situation. The "Neue Freie Presse" regards this as an admission that the situation is still critical.

Another incident commented on as being of equal importance to that of the recent visit to Berlin of General Schemma, Chief of Staff, is the visit of Field Marshal Baron von Hotzendorf, Inspector General of the Austrian army, to Bucharest, where he arrived yesterday as the guest of King Charles. He bears an autograph letter from the Austrian Emperor, and will confer with the Rumanian Chief of Staff.

An extraordinary meeting of the Municipal Council to-night made a demonstration of great loyalty amid rousing cheers for the emperor, and

## PLAN PEACEFULLY TO ADJUST WAR PROBLEMS

Sir Edward Grey Proposes Conference to  
Consider Questions of Albania, Aegean  
Islands and Dardanelles.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)

London, Nov. 28.—While the war news has for the moment almost fizzled out, an important step for the pacific adjustment of some of the problems arising out of the Balkan upheaval has been taken by Great Britain. Sir Edward Grey, doubtless after careful soundings, has proposed to the powers an ambassadorial conference to consider questions of Albania, the Aegean Islands and the Dardanelles. The proposal or suggestion has been received in Berlin; no opinion at present has been expressed, but this does not imply an unfavorable attitude.

Austrian official circles are still pessimistic, though the press does not share these views. Following on the news of the hoisting of the Albanian flag at Durazzo comes the announcement of the occupation of the town by the Servians, apparently without opposition. Austria probably will take no immediate steps in connection with this occupation, but in due time will demand the departure of the Servians from the port and the Albanian coast. Rumania already has approached Bulgaria with regard to a desire for terri-

torial compensation. No reply has yet been made, but the reply will be a negative one.

Gueshoff, the Bulgarian Premier, will point out that any cession of territory must be indorsed by the people. He therefore will resign, and an electorate will decide the question. In view of King Ferdinand's known attitude against any concession, it is not likely that the Bulgarian people will agree to cede a single yard.

The negotiations at Tchataldja are still proceeding, and it is said that the rival commissioners are on cordial terms, so much so that Nazim Pacha gave a luncheon yesterday in their honor. Turkish circles profess optimism as to the outcome of the negotiations, and imagine that the result will be to leave Turkey a territory having as a boundary the Maritza River and including Adrianople. These views are not shared in Vienna, where, says Dr. Dillon, it is thought the negotiations will break down. There is, however, no very accurate account of the discussions, which cannot well be prolonged much further without a decision being reached one way or the other.

front declares that there was not yet been any real assault by the Bulgarian besiegers on the fortress of Adrianople. The forts, it says, have been shelled and some of them captured by the allied Servians and Bulgarians, who suffered heavy loss.

On one occasion a Turkish fort was captured, but shortly afterward the allies were compelled to evacuate it, owing to the heavy fire concentrated on it by the Turkish guns.

On another occasion an entire Bulgarian battalion was destroyed by the explosion of a land mine, which was fired by the Ottoman defenders.

Paris, Nov. 28.—A Constantinople dispatch says that the Bulgarian delegates have proposed that Turkey should enter the customs union with the Balkan League.

RED CROSS WORK HINDERED

Rivalry in Raising Funds Reveals Violations of Federal Law.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Discovery of a Red Cross rivalry in the raising of funds for relief work in the Balkan States caused the American Red Cross to issue a formal statement to-day that all organizations or persons, except those belonging to the Red Cross of the United States, who solicit or receive funds in the name of the Red Cross are acting in violation of the law. The federal statute makes the national Red Cross organization the only officially recognized Red Cross in the United States.

"The American Red Cross operations," says the statement, "have been very much embarrassed and their efficiency in raising funds for Balkan war relief very much impaired by the coming into existence of committees claiming to act in the name of the national societies of foreign countries."

## NO SPECIAL WAR MEASURES

German Chancellor Says Alarming Reports Are Groundless.

Königsberg, Germany, Nov. 28.—Telegraphic instructions to make efforts to allay the alarm prevailing in the Province of East Prussia were received to-day by the Provincial President from the Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg.

In his dispatch the Chancellor declares that the alarming reports about war preparations on the German and Russian sides of the frontier are wholly groundless. No special military measures, he says, have been taken on the German side, and no news has been received hitherto about Russian military measures which would require Germany to take counter steps.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—A run on the savings bank at Königsberg which had been in progress several days caused the sending of the dispatch by the Imperial Chancellor to the Provincial Governor instructing him to endeavor to allay the alarm.

The run was due to rumors that Germany was mobilizing two army corps, and the fears thus created were added to by the fact that Russians reaching Königsberg spread wild rumors on their arrival as to what was taking place in Russia.

Runs of a less violent character also began yesterday on several savings banks in the town of Opatowitz, Westphalia.

## MEDAL FOR COL. GORGAS

Royal Society of England to Award Buchanan Prize.

(By Cable to The Tribune.)

London, Nov. 28.—The Royal Society will confer a great honor on an American scientist at its anniversary meeting next Saturday, when Buchanan's medal will be awarded to Colonel W. C. Gorgas for his distinguished work in the sanitary administration of the Panama Canal Zone. The society regrets the absence of Colonel Gorgas, but the medal will be handed to a representative of the American Embassy here for a safe conveyance to Colonel Gorgas.

The medal, which is accompanied by a grant of the remainder of the Buchanan fund, is awarded every five years for distinguished service to hygienic science or practice, without limit of nationality or sex. Three previous recipients have been Sir John Simon, Sydney Monckton Copeman and Sir W. H. Power, all Englishmen, so that Colonel Gorgas is the first foreigner to receive the society's recognition.

Sofia, Nov. 28.—Two meetings of the peace delegates were held at Baghiche today, and, according to Premier Gueshoff, the pourparlers are progressing satisfactorily. In government circles it is believed that unless unforeseen difficulties arise an armistice will be concluded in two days.

The plenipotentiaries reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning. Yesterday's session was a very prolonged one, the delegates sitting until late at night.

A letter received to-day from the

## WILSON FINDS JUST THE REST HE WANTED

Bermudans Do Not Bother Him,  
and All the Social Diver-  
sions Are Informal.

## ESCAPES THE DAILY PAPERS

Glad to Get the News Several  
Days Late—Greatly Pleased  
When He Read of Taft's  
Appreciative Toast.

Hamilton, Bermuda, Nov. 28.—After their Thanksgiving dinner to day President-elect and Mrs. Woodrow Wilson went driving, and in the evening they attended an amateur performance of "Our Mutual Friend."

According to Mr. Wilson, being President-elect of the United States and being merely Woodrow Wilson, an American citizen in search of the rest of a British colony in mid-ocean, do not differ in the slightest degree. Governor Wilson was recalling to-day his previous vacations in the Bermudas when, as president of Princeton University, he sought rest and quiet here.

"It's not a bit different," he said, as he stood on the veranda of his home. "Everything is the same as before. Many more people have called, to be sure, but I am having just the kind of vacation I wanted, with plenty of rest and exercise."

The people of Bermuda took Mr. Wilson at his word when he said he came for rest, pure and simple, and they have not bothered him in the least. In fact, the social diversions have been just enough to prevent his stay from becoming monotonous. Everything social, however, is of the most casual and quiet nature, and the Governor feels free not to take part if he is so disposed. The other day, for instance, the Governor General of Bermuda sent his yacht to the Wilson home on the bay. Governor Wilson had a slight attack of indigestion and stayed at home. His family went and enjoyed the sail.

Improved in Health.

The Governor says he feels greatly improved in health, and as distant from the political whirl of the campaign as if it closed three years ago, instead of three weeks. One of the greatest pleasures his vacation has given him is in regaining the privacy of the family circle.

The absence of newspapers makes the islands a particular delight for Governor Wilson. He admits that when he was thinking of a place from which to escape things political in the United States he thought immediately of Bermuda, not only because politicians, if sincerely warned, would keep their distance, but because not even the daily newspaper invades the quaint stillness of the little archipelago.

The local papers are tri-weeklies and contain meagre cable dispatches, usually very little about the United States and more about European affairs. The Governor didn't know until Tuesday, for instance, the result of the Yale-Harvard football game of the previous Saturday.

When the steamer did bring in a batch of newspapers, however, Mr. Wilson scanned the headlines, read approvingly of the conviction of the gunmen in New York, marvelled at the story of the armed manly who terrified Los Angeles, and cast a non-committal eye on the political stories that discussed his future Cabinet.

One thing the Governor read which pleased him greatly was President Taft's toast to him at the Lotus Club dinner on November 16 in New York, when the President characterized him as "an able, distinguished and patriotic gentleman."

"That's fine," exclaimed the President-elect, heartily, and his family added their appreciation. It appears likely that before inauguration the President-elect and the President will meet in the national capital. Governor Wilson will pass through Washington around Christmas on his way to and from the jubilee celebration at his birthplace, Staunton, Va., on December 28. If he does not stop at Washington on that occasion he will doubtless be there in February, when he may attend the winter dinner of the Gridiron Club, at which President Taft is expected to be present.

Lawrence, Kan., Nov. 28.—President-elect Wilson will not attend the Social Centre Congress here next month, as had been expected, according to a telegram received last night by Professor Richard R. Price, of this city.

It is probable, however, that Miss Eleanor Wilson, daughter of the President-elect, will attend as her father's representative and bring a message from him to the congress.

## MUCH FIGHTING IN MEXICO

Conditions Worse than Generally Reported.

Mexico City, Nov. 28.—Credit for dislodging the rebels from their positions near Chalco, about thirty miles from the capital, is somewhat lessened by the fact that two federal detachments, the 29th and 16th Infantry, had been fighting each other during the latter part of the engagement. The sortie against the insurgents was a night attack, the federal commander dividing his forces and marching against the rebels from two sides. The fighting was spirited, regardless of the federal inability to see the enemy in the darkness. An officer of one detachment recognized the bugle calls of the other, and an investigation disclosed the fact that the rebels had disappeared and that bullets were being exchanged between the two sections of the government forces. At least ten federals were killed in that part of the encounter.

Reports of travellers and mail advices indicate that conditions in various parts of the republic are worse than is generally known in the capital, and that these conditions are more widespread. At least ten encounters have taken place in the past three days, the federals claiming victories.

The rural districts in the southern part of the State of Mexico are practically controlled by the rebels. In the State of Morelos, the government considers the improvement sufficient to warrant the resumption of freight service today over the Cuernavaca branch of the National Railways under a heavy guard.

## COREANS CHANGE EVIDENCE

Seven Accused of Torachi Conspiracy on Stand.

Seoul, Korea, Nov. 28.—Seven of the 196 Koreans accused of conspiring against the life of Count Torachi, Japanese Governor-General of Corea, were called to the witness stand to-day, the third day of the new trial. In their testimony they all denied complicity in the conspiracy. There was a marked variation in their evidence from that given during the first trial regarding the alleged torture.

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